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Western Journal of Emergency Medicine: Integrating Emergency Care with Population Health

Title

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Permalink

https://escholarship.org/uc/item/6847r36z

Journal

Western Journal of Emergency Medicine: Integrating Emergency Care with Population Health, 20(5)

ISSN

1936-900X

Authors

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Publication Date

2019

DOI

10.5811/westjem.2019.7.44616

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Peer reviewed

This Article Corrects: "Development of a Clinical Teaching Evaluation and Feedback Tool for Emergency Medicine Faculty"

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Electronically published August 20, 2019 Full text available through open access at http://escholarship.org/uc/uciem_westjem DOI: 10.5811/westjem.2019.7.44616

> *West J Emerg Med.* 2019 January;20(1):50-57 Development of a Clinical Teaching Evaluation and Feedback Tool for Emergency Medicine Faculty Dehon E, Robertson E, Barnard M, Gunalda J, Puskarich M

Erratum in

West J Emerg Med. 2019 September;20(5):838-839. There was an error on Figure 1. Faculty Shift Card. The top card originally stated, "What should this faculty member do to improve their procedural teaching skills? Select all that apply." This should be revised to, "What should this faculty member do to improve their clinical decision making teaching skills? Select all that apply" with the following recommendations: Engage in more collaboration with resident about clinical decisions; Ask more leading questions prior to clinical decisions; Direct resident to helpful resources; Maximize teaching opportunities; Nothing.

Abstract

Introduction: Formative evaluations of clinical teaching for emergency medicine (EM) faculty are limited. The goal of this study was to develop a behaviorally-based tool for evaluating and providing feedback to EM faculty based on their clinical teaching skills during a shift.

Methods: We used a three-phase structured development process. Phase 1 used the nominal group technique with a group of faculty first and then with residents to generate potential evaluation items. Phase 2 included separate focus groups and used a modified Delphi technique with faculty and residents, as well as a group of experts to evaluate the items generated in Phase 1. Following this, residents classified the items into novice, intermediate, and advanced educator skills. Once items were determined for inclusion and subsequently ranked they were built into the tool by the investigators (Phase 3).

Results: The final instrument, the "Faculty Shift Card," is a behaviorally-anchored evaluation and feedback tool used to facilitate feedback to EM faculty about their teaching skills during a shift. The tool has four domains: teaching clinical decision-making; teaching interpersonal skills; teaching procedural skills; and general teaching strategies. Each domain contains novice, intermediate, and advanced sections with 2-5 concrete examples for each level of performance.

Conclusion: This structured process resulted in a well-grounded and systematically developed evaluation tool for EM faculty that can provide real-time actionable feedback to faculty and support improved clinical teaching.

PMCID: PMC6324693 [PubMed - indexed for MEDLINE]

		ding facilitate the development of you	
Novice		Intermediate	Expert
Ensures that the resident structures the patient presentation appropriately		Models clinical decision-making skills and explains decision- making process	Uses illness scripts and data from the literature
Rarely includes the resident in clinical decision-making		Elicits the resident's diagnosis and plan and avoids giving the answer	Changes a scenario to maximize teaching opportunities or discuss unusual diagnoses
Allows resident complete autonomy and rarely participates in clinical decision-making		Engages in collaborative decision- aking with the resident Has the resident provide rationale	Points out multiple ways to work up or treat a patient
		for decision (not allowing a shotgun approach) Facilitates responses from the resident through leading questions	Encourages evidence-based medicine dialogue on cognitive errors
		or provision of choices	Directs resident to helpful resources, especially algorithms, decision rules, treatment protocols
 Maximize teaching opportunities Nothing Comments: 	elected atten	ding facilitate the development of you	skills?
Novice		Intermediate	Expert
Performs procedure without resident participation		Determines/assesses level of trainee knowledge before procedure	Ensures that preparation and patient positioning is done correctly
Rarely or never observes resident while they perform procedures		Coaches in real time with a calm demeanor	Points out real-time tricks
		Debriefs after procedure and provides feedback	Allows resident to respond to difficult situations; provides guidance but does not take over

Comments: Figure 1. Faculty shift card 1.