## **UC** Irvine

Western Journal of Emergency Medicine: Integrating Emergency Care with Population Health

#### **Title**

Rebuttal to Why the US Should Adopt a Universal Care Coverage Program: "The Dueling Lances"

## **Permalink**

https://escholarship.org/uc/item/6cq040tq

#### Journal

Western Journal of Emergency Medicine: Integrating Emergency Care with Population Health, 5(3)

## **ISSN**

1936-900X

#### **Author**

Montauk, Lance

#### **Publication Date**

2004

## **Copyright Information**

Copyright 2004 by the author(s). All rights reserved unless otherwise indicated. Contact the author(s) for any necessary permissions. Learn more at https://escholarship.org/terms

Peer reviewed

# Rebuttal to Why the US Should Adopt a Universal Care Coverage

**Program: "The Dueling Lances"** 

Lance Montauk, MD

My Responses
•
In fact most wouldn't close anyway, but who says some
shouldn't close even with UHCP?
Perhaps not; besides, do we need more beds?
Diversion doesn't affect private vehicles, and minimally
impacts ambulance patients.
Who says that during flu season, with UHCP, it will not
get worse rather than better?
Very funny.
I personally believe considering our own pay as a reason
for UHCP is morally repugnant. Besides, doctor pay will
go down, not up.
Most folks—who are already insured—would suffer from
the change if it were "properly implemented." However,
since it will be improperly implemented (like most federal
programs), almost everyone will suffer.
But they might, and even perhaps should!
Or they may be <i>maximized</i> . Some studies show access of
uninsured to primary care does NOT decrease ED use.
Keeping chronically ill individuals alive longer, especially
if they do not work, increases the drain on societal re-
sources. Fiscally, for the rest of society, the best death is
short, quick, not preceded by chronic illness, and occurs
the day after retirement.
FOR ONCE HE IS RIGHT!
UHCP's implementation poses such huge obstacles, and
our federal government remains so inadequate at
resolving these matters, that success will certainly elude
us. We will pay the price of colossal failure.

In summation, Dr. Brown favors a dream system where things would be better for everyone (who doesn't?), while he avoids the stark reality that absolutely nobody knows how to bring such an idyllic plan to fruition. He refuses to contemplate the prospect of his vision dissolving into a nightmare, but today's younger physicians face exactly that specter.

Dr. Brown's fantasy floats on the cumulus clouds of an academic report from the IOM. He hitches his chimera to their star, but it will become medicine's leaden anchor. The IOM continues to lead us astray—as did their prior headline-grabbing inaccuracies about the epidemic of medical errors. JCAHO, EMTALA, HIPAA, IOM all bog us down in administrative minutiae, wasting our time, without ever assessing the cost-benefit ratios of their Chicken-Little proclamations.

Note two things:

- 1) Brown's plaintive wail that we avoid the "Tragedy of the Commons" (unlike him, I have lived under socialism) denies the brutal reality: INHERENTLY SOCIALIST SYSTEMS DO NOT WORK AND NEVER WILL. They violate basic tenets of human nature.
- 2) He says, "a successful universal health care program would need to add resources to our current 'system." Wrong again. At 15% of the US Gross Domestic Product, our "system" already consumes too many resources, and needs shrinkage, not growth.

My advice: see Dr. Brown's Table 2, listing eight items constituting "necessary features" for a successful UHCP. Do you think we could implement even one or two of those "necessary features," let alone all eight? It's impossible, the federal government cannot do it, and we are better off waking up and dealing with our problems in other more productive ways.