

UC Merced

Proceedings of the Annual Meeting of the Cognitive Science Society

Title

Space-time perception of Mandarin Speakers: age, temporal-focus and contextual priming

Permalink

<https://escholarship.org/uc/item/6r53p31k>

Journal

Proceedings of the Annual Meeting of the Cognitive Science Society, 47(0)

Authors

Fan Chiang, Hsin-Yu

Huang, Yu-Jui

Hsiao, Huichen S.

Publication Date

2025

Copyright Information

This work is made available under the terms of a Creative Commons Attribution License, available at <https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/>

Peer reviewed

Space-time perception of Mandarin Speakers: age, temporal-focus and contextual priming

Hsin-Yu Fan Chiang

National Taiwan Normal University, Taipei, Taiwan

Yu-Jui Huang

National Taiwan Normal University, Taipei, Taiwan

Huichen S. Hsiao

National Taiwan Normal University, Taipei, Taiwan

Abstract

Research regarding the Temporal focus hypothesis has contributed to understanding space-time cognition. However, the relative influence of temporal focus, contextual priming, and age on implicit space-time mapping requires further investigation. Seventy-one Mandarin-speaking participants in Taiwan responded to either past or future-related questions, followed by the temporal diagram task and the temporal-focus questionnaire. Data were analyzed through chi-square and a three-way ANOVA. Results indicated a significant difference in front-back mapping between younger and older participants while not between the past and the future-primed conditions. Notably, most participants tended to locate future events in the front box. Furthermore, the ANOVA results revealed that past or future-focused statements and age significantly related to participants' temporal attitudes. The current study partially supports the temporal hypothesis; age is significantly related to Mandarin speakers' implicit space-time mapping and temporal focus, whereas the priming condition was insignificant.